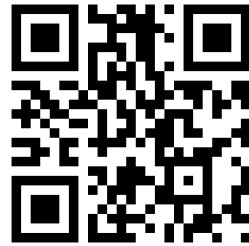


SAMformer : Unlocking the Potential of Transformers in Time-Series Forecasting

Romain ILBERT*, Ambroise Odonnat, Vasilii Feofanov, Aladin Virmaux,
Giuseppe Paolo, Ievgen Redko, Themis Palpanas

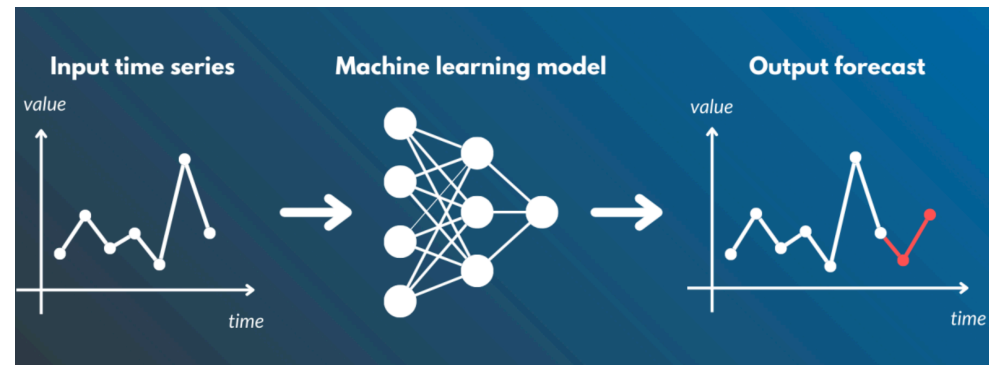
Check my website for code, paper and slides :



Time Series Forecasting : A Definition

Problem Setup

1. Given past observations, predict future ones

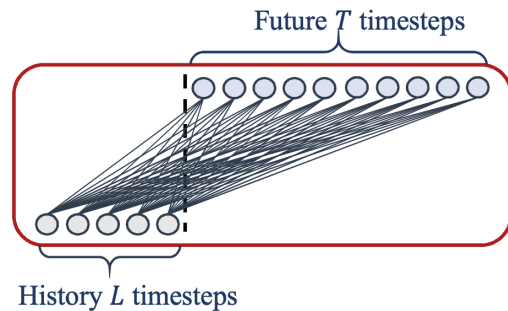


2. Univariate (single channel) vs. multivariate (multi-channels)
3. Short, medium and long-term horizon

Failure of Transformers in Time Series Forecasting

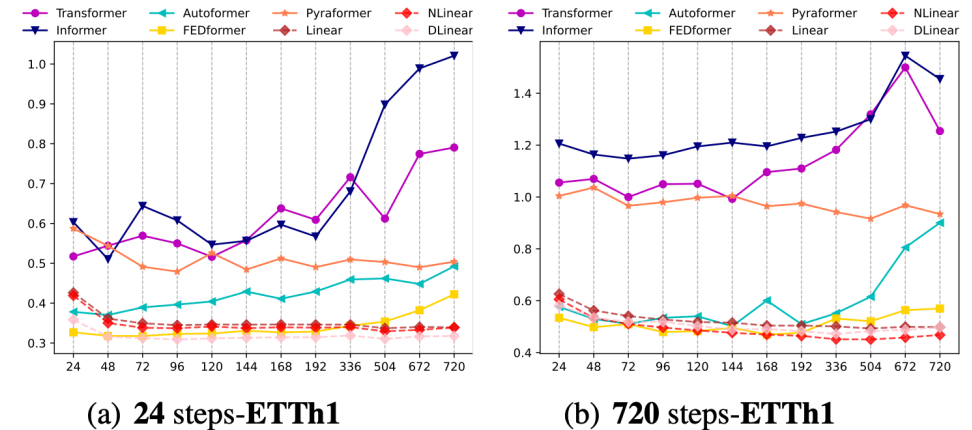
Main conclusions from *Zeng et al., AAAI'23*

1. Transformer-based methods don't work well in forecasting
2. A Linear model surpasses the SOTA FEDformer (ICML'22) in most cases by 20%~50%



VS.

- LogSparse and convolutional self-attention @**LogTrans**
- ProbSparse and distilling self-attention @**Informer**
- Series auto-correlation with decomposition @**Autoformer**
- Multi-resolution pyramidal attention @**Pyraformer**
- Frequency enhanced block with decomposition @**FEDformer**



Yet Transformers dominate in NLP and vision... Why?

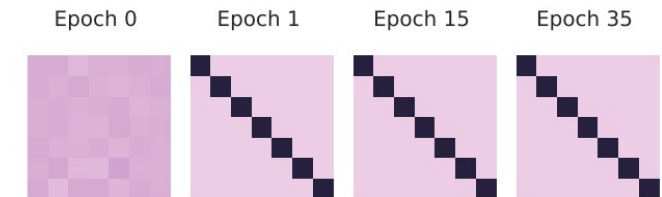
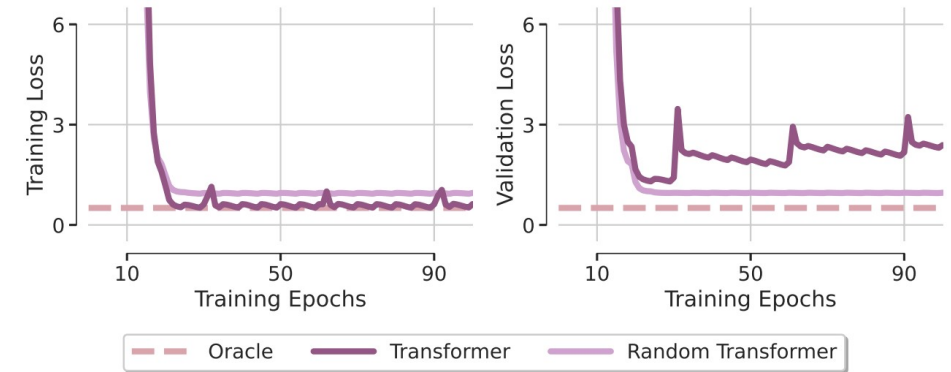
SAMformer (Ilbert et al. , ICML Oral 2024)

A transformer-based TS forecaster that actually works

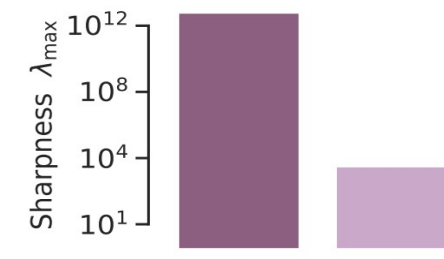
Simple Toy Regression Example : Pitfalls

Context : Linear Regression Problem

1. Linear Transformer severely overfits...
2. ... and works better if we freeze the attention...
3. ... because the attention get stuck at the identity matrix and does not move afterwards



Pathological behavior suggesting sharp local minima

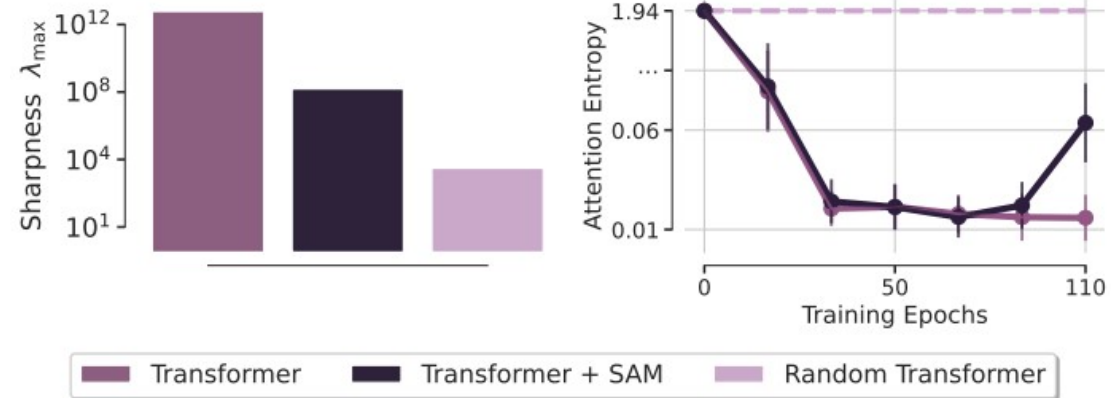
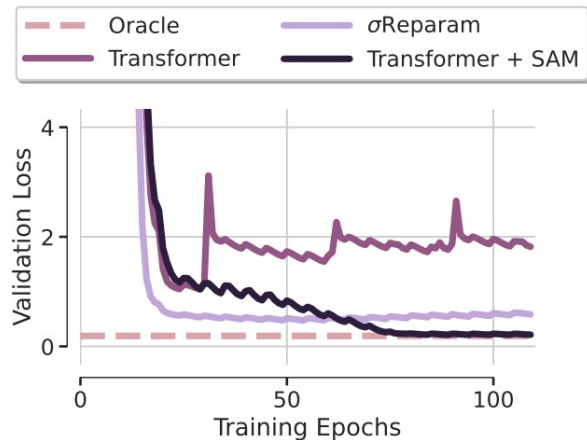


Simple Toy Regression Example : Solution

1. Sharpness - Aware Minimization (Foret et al. 2021, Chen et al. 2022)

- Smooths the loss landscape => flatter, more generalizable local minima

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{train}}^{\text{SAM}}(\omega) = \max_{\|\epsilon\| < \rho} \mathcal{L}_{\text{train}}(\omega + \epsilon)$$

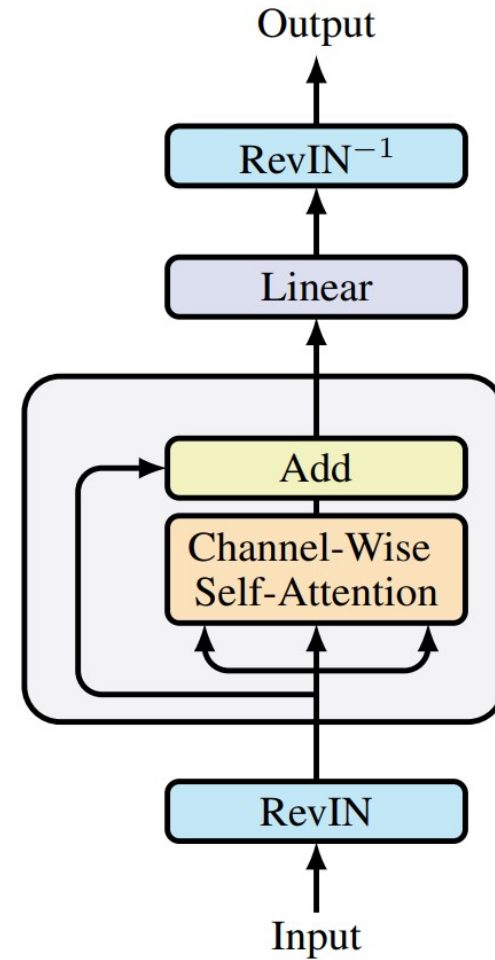


SAM = desired solution

SAMformer : Architecture *(ILBERT et al, ICML 2024)*

Let's put it all together now:

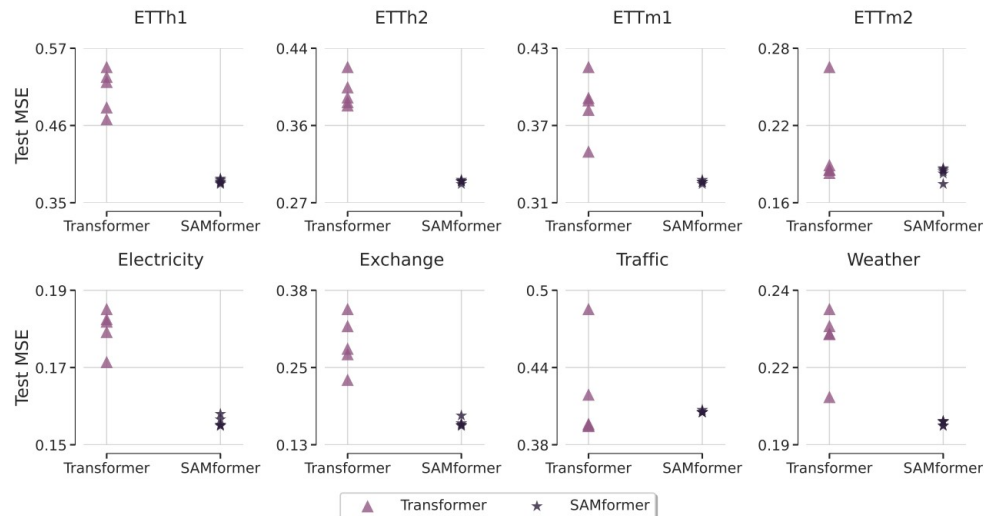
1. **RevIN layer** to be robust to train/test time shift
2. Shallow transformer with a **channel-wise attention**
3. We optimize it with **SAM**



SAMformer : Experimental results

	PatchTST	iTransformer	TSMixer	TSMixer + SAM	Informer	FEDformer	Autoformer	Pyraformer	LogTrans
Improvement	11.13%	3.94%	14.33%	5.25%	72.20%	12.36%	22.65%	61.88%	70.88%

1. SAMformer is much better than all transformer-based models...
2. ... more robust to random initialization, smaller and more consistent ...
3. ... and on par with the Foundation Model MOIRAI



Dataset	H = 96		H = 192		H = 336		H = 720		Total
	SAMformer	TSMixer	SAMformer	TSMixer	SAMformer	TSMixer	SAMformer	TSMixer	
ETT	50272	124142	99520	173390	173392	247262	369904	444254	-
Exchange	50272	349344	99520	398592	173392	472464	369904	669456	-
Weather	50272	121908	99520	171156	173392	245028	369904	442020	-
Electricity	50272	280676	99520	329924	173392	403796	369904	600788	-
Traffic	50272	793424	99520	842672	173392	916544	369904	1113536	-
Avg. Ratio	6.64		3.85		2.64		1.77		3.73

Dataset	Full-shot	Zero-shot (Woo et al., 2024).		
	SAMformer	MOIRAI _{Small}	MOIRAI _{Base}	MOIRAI _{Large}
ETTh1	<u>0.410</u>	0.400	0.434	0.510
ETTh2	<u>0.344</u>	0.341	0.345	0.354
ETTh1	0.373	0.448	<u>0.381</u>	0.390
ETTh2	0.269	0.300	<u>0.272</u>	0.276
Electricity	0.181	0.233	<u>0.188</u>	<u>0.188</u>
Weather	0.260	<u>0.242</u>	0.238	0.259
Overall MSE improvement		6.9%	1.1%	7.6%

Conclusions on SAMformer (*ILBERT et al, ICML oral 2024*)

1. We studied **pitfalls of transformers** in TS Forecasting
 - Sharp loss landscape = lack of generalization
2. Our proposal **SAMformer** :
 - **SAMformer** = RevIN + channel-wise attention + SAM
 - **SOTA** in long-term multivariate time series forecasting
 - **Consistent** = same architecture of different horizons/datasets
 - **Lightweight** = the smallest SOTA model
 - On par with large foundation model **MOIRAI**
3. We believe this finding will inspire further work to enhance our simple architecture.

Thank you.

Check code, paper and slides

